What is claimed is:

method for the compensation of disturbances in the course of radiation image recording caused by defocusing of an antiscatter grid, arranged in the beam path between a beam source and a digital radiation image receiver and focused with respect to a specific distance from a focus of the beam source, the disturbances being caused by a defocusingdictated attenuation of primary radiation incident on image receiver, radiation an image detector including radiation-sensitive pixels arranged in matrix form and a device for pixelwise amplification of the radiation-dependent signals, the method comprising:

amplifying at least some of the signals supplied in pixelwise fashion, in a manner dependent on an actual distance of the antiscatter grid from the focus.

- 2. The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein pixel-related gain factors are determined computationally for the given actual distance of the antiscatter grid from the focus relative to the original focusing distance.
- 3. The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the pixelwise gain factors are chosen from a table assigned to the actual distance of the antiscatter grid from the focus.
- 4. The method as claimed in claim 3, wherein, in the case of a difference between the actual distance and the distance on which the table is based, the gain factors are adapted computationally.
- 5. The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein only the pixel signals of those pixels whose signals, relative to the defocusing-dictated signal attenuation

exclusively of the antiscatter grid, lie below a predetermined threshold value are amplified.

- 6. The method as claimed in claim 5, wherein the threshold value defines a defocusing-dictated attenuation of 40% or less.
- 7. The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the signals are amplified by the gain factors to a predetermined threshold value.
- 8. The method as claimed in claim 7, wherein the threshold value defines a defocusing-dictated attenuation of 40% or less.
- 9. The method as claimed in claim 5, wherein the threshold value is adjustable.
- 10. An apparatus for radiation image recording, comprising:
 - a beam source;
- a digital radiation image receiver with radiationsensitive pixels arranged in matrix form with an assigned device for the pixelwise amplification of the pixel signals; and

an antiscatter grid, arranged between the beam source and the digital radiation image receiver, antiscatter grid being focused with respect to specific distance from the focus of the beam source, wherein the assigned device is designed for compensation of image disturbances caused by the defocusing of antiscatter grid, the disturbances being caused by a defocusing-dictated attenuation of the primary radiation incident on the digital radiation image receiver, for pixelwise amplification of at least some of the signals supplied in a

manner dependent on the actual distance of the antiscatter grid from the focus.

- 11. The apparatus as claimed in claim 10, wherein the assigned device is designed for the computational determination of the pixel-related gain factors for the given actual distance of the antiscatter grid from the focus relative to the original focusing distance.
- 12. The apparatus as claimed in claim 10, wherein at least one table with pixel-specific gain factors, assigned to at least one specific distance of the antiscatter grid from the focus, is stored in the assigned device, the assigned device choosing the pixelwise gain factors from a table assigned to the actual distance of the antiscatter grid from the focus.
- 13. The apparatus as claimed in claim 12, wherein the assigned device is designed for the computational adaptation of the gain factors taken from the chosen table in the case of a difference between the actual distance and the distance on which the table is based.
- 14. The apparatus as claimed in claim 10, wherein the assigned device is designed for the amplification of the pixel signals only of those pixels whose signals, relative to the defocusing-dictated signal attenuation exclusively of the antiscatter grid, lie below a predetermined threshold value.
- 15. The apparatus as claimed in claim 14, wherein the threshold value defines a defocusing-dictated attenuation of 40% or less.
- 16. The apparatus as claimed in claims 10, wherein the assigned device is designed for the amplification of the signals to a predetermined threshold value.

- 17. The apparatus as claimed in claim 16, wherein the threshold value defines a defocusing-dictated attenuation of 40% or less.
- 18. The apparatus as claimed in claim 14, wherein the threshold value is adjustable.
- 19. The apparatus as claimed in claim 10, wherein the antiscatter grid is at least one of a linear grid with focused absorption lamellae and a cell grid with a carrier structure defining the focused rectangular cells with a beam passage opening with an absorption coating applied to the inner sides of the carrier structure which face the beam passage openings.
- 20. The method as claimed in claim 2, wherein only the pixel signals of those pixels whose signals, relative to the defocusing-dictated signal attenuation exclusively of the antiscatter grid, lie below a predetermined threshold value are amplified.
- 21. The method as claimed in claim 20, wherein the threshold value defines a defocusing-dictated attenuation of 40% or less.
- 22. The method as claimed in claim 3, wherein only the pixel signals of those pixels whose signals, relative to the defocusing-dictated signal attenuation exclusively of the antiscatter grid, lie below a predetermined threshold value are amplified.
- 23. The method as claimed in claim 22, wherein the threshold value defines a defocusing-dictated attenuation of 40% or less.

- 24. The method as claimed in claim 4, wherein only the pixel signals of those pixels whose signals, relative to the defocusing-dictated signal attenuation exclusively of the antiscatter grid, lie below a predetermined threshold value are amplified.
- 25. The method as claimed in claim 24, wherein the threshold value defines a defocusing-dictated attenuation of 40% or less.
- 26. The method as claimed in claim 7, wherein the threshold value is adjustable.
- 27. The apparatus as claimed in claim 16, wherein the threshold value is adjustable.
- 28. The apparatus as claimed in claim 14, wherein the antiscatter grid is at least one of a linear grid with focused absorption lamellae and a cell grid with a carrier structure defining the focused rectangular cells with a beam passage opening with an absorption coating applied to the inner sides of the carrier structure which face the beam passage openings.

29. A method, comprising:

amplifying at least some of signals supplied in pixelwise fashion to an image receiver, in a manner dependent on an actual distance of an antiscatter grid from a focus of a beam; and

compensating for image disturbances in a radiation image recording based upon the amplifying, the image disturbances being caused by defocusing of the antiscatter grid, arranged in a beam path and focused with respect to a specific distance from the focus of a source of the beam, and by a defocusing-dictated

attenuation of primary radiation incident on the radiation image receiver.

30. An apparatus for radiation image recording, comprising:

means for generating a beam;

means for detecting the beam, including radiationsensitive pixels arranged in matrix form, and including means for the pixelwise amplification of the pixel signals; and

an antiscatter grid, arranged between the means for generating a beam and the means for detecting, the antiscatter grid being focused with respect to specific distance from the focus of the means generating the beam, wherein the means for the pixelwise amplification is designed for compensation of disturbances caused by a defocusing antiscatter grid, the image disturbances being caused defocusing-dictated attenuation а οf primary radiation incident on the means for detecting, pixelwise amplification of at least some of the signals supplied in a manner dependent on the actual distance of the antiscatter grid from the focus.